## **BEAD JEWELLERY**

THINKING SKILL: information processing

**SUBJECT LINK:** mathematics **LEARNING LINK:** visual

**ORGANISATION:** whole-class introduction,

individual task

**RESOURCES:** beads of different colours, shapes

and sizes; laces

## WHAT TO DO

- Watch your teacher threading beads onto a lace, following a pattern.
- What pattern is made? Is your teacher using a sequence of colours or shapes?
- Use two different colours and make a pattern. You can add one of each colour to make your pattern, or two or three of each colour.
- Compare the bead necklaces that everyone has made.

### **NOW TRY THIS**

- **1.** Make a pattern with one of one colour, two of the next and three of the next. Repeat the pattern twice more.
- **2.** Now make a pattern with different-shaped beads for example, a round bead and then a cylindrical one.
- **3.** Swap with a partner and follow their pattern to finish their necklace.



# **MOVE IT ABOUT**

THINKING SKILL: reasoning
SUBJECT LINK: science
LEARNING LINK: visual
ORGANISATION: small groups

**RESOURCES:** several different types of tongs and tweezers; magnets; a piece of paper; a collection of objects of different sizes and materials that can be picked up with tongs and tweezers or moved with a magnet

## WHAT TO DO

- Look at the objects.
- Sort them by size.
- Which ones can you pick up with the tweezers?

- Which ones do you need to use the tongs to move? Why?
- Are there any objects that you can move without using your hands or the tweezers and tongs? Try this.
- Sort your objects into three sets: those that you can move with tweezers, those with tongs and those with a magnet.

### **NOW TRY THIS**

- **1.** Move all of the objects from your table to the next table without touching them with your hands.
- **2.** How can you get the objects that you need to move with a magnet to the next table? Use a piece of paper to help.
- **3.** Find other objects around the classroom to add to your sets. Remember, you can only use the tweezers, tongs or a magnet.

# **BUND SORTING**

THINKING SKILL: enquiry SUBJECT LINK: science

**LEARNING LINK:** visual, auditory **ORGANISATION:** small groups

**RESOURCES:** for each group: magnets; a collection of objects made from different materials that can be sorted by other means than sight; large sheets of paper; sorting rings and cards for labels (a different assortment of buttons is good to include in this activity). Safety note: be careful when asking the children to use taste to identify objects

### WHAT TO DO

- Look at the objects. Talk about and list their properties.
- Look at the list of properties and cross out all those you have named by using your sense of sight (for example, transparency and colour).
- Next to the other properties, say whether you could name the property using your sense of touch, hearing, smell or taste.
- Are some objects in more than one set?

### **NOW TRY THIS**

**1.** Sort the objects into sets according to their properties, using any sense except sight.

**2.** Label your sets and say which sense you used to sort them.

**3.** Walk around the room. How have other groups sorted their objects?

